

#### **Course Numbers**

LA 501/502 LA531/532 (Dual-credit)

# AP English Language & Composition

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2

Comparton	Topic I Rhetorical	Topic 2 Critical	Topic 3 Collaborating	Topic 4 Constructing	Topic 5 Synthesis
Semester I	Analysis Writing	Reading	in Discussions	Writing	Writing (collected but not reported)
Content Standards	W.11-12.2 W.11-12.9	RL/RI.11-12.1-3 RL/RI.11-12.5-7 RL/RI.11-12.9-10 RI.11-12.4 L.11-12.4	SL.11-12.1 SL.11-12.2 SL.11-12.3	W.11-12.4 W.11-12.5 W.11-12.6	W.11-12.2 W.11-12.9
DMACC Competencies	ENG106-1 ENG106-2	ENG105-2 ENG106-1 ENG106-4		ENG105-1 ENG105-3 ENG105-5 ENG106-5 ENG106-6 ENG106-7	ENG106-1 ENG106-2 ENG106-3

	Topic I	Topic 2	Topic 3	Topic 4	Topic 5	Topic 6
Semester 2	Synthesis Writing	Argument Writing	Rhetorical Analysis Writing	Critical Reading	Collaborating in Discussions	Constructing Writing
Content Standards	W.11-12.2 W.11-12.9	W.11-12.1 W.1-12.9	W.11-12.2 W.11-12.9	RL/RI.11-12.1-3 RL/RI.11-12.5-7 RL/RI.11-12.9-10 RI.11-12.4 L.11-12.4	SL.11-12.1 SL.11-12.2 SL.11-12.3	W.11-12.4 W.11-12.5 W.11-12.6
DMACC Competencies	ENG106-1 ENG106-2 ENG106-3	ENG106-1 ENG106-2	ENG106-1 ENG106-2	ENG105-2 ENG106-1 ENG106-4		ENG105-1 ENG105-3 ENG105-5 ENG106-5 ENG 106-6 ENG106-7

#### **DMACC** Partnership Information

#### **Mission Statement**

In order to better support students in their preparation for post-secondary education, many AP programs offer their courses for dual-credit, meaning that the course confers both high school and college credit at the same time. These arrangements require courses to be built in accordance with



DMACC competencies and require students to enroll in the course, a process overseen by DMACC personnel working in conjunction with DMPS teachers.

Alignment: ENG 105	Alignment: ENG 106
The following list indicates the Course Competencies required	The following list indicates the Course Competencies required for
for DMACC's ENG 105 "Composition I" course.	DMACC's ENG 106 "Composition II" course.
<ol> <li>Practice writing as a recursive process</li> <li>Practice reading as an active part of the writing process</li> <li>Adapt the rules of standard English grammar</li> <li>Investigate research resources where/when available</li> <li>Recognize standard documentation form</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Demonstrate critical reading and writing skills</li> <li>Analyze rhetorical patterns and theoretical approaches in student and/or published texts</li> <li>Apply concepts and/or techniques from primary and/or secondary sources in a new context</li> <li>Identify language nuances</li> <li>Apply the rules of standard English grammar</li> <li>Evaluate individual writing process to allow flexibility in adapting writing task and situation</li> <li>Demonstrate standard documentation form</li> </ol>

#### AP 6 pt scale conversion:

AP Score	DMPS alpha codes	Success Criteria	DMPS numerical conversion
0-2	NM	Few or none	0 or I
3-4	PT	Partial	1.5, 2, or 2.5
5	AT	All success criteria	3
6	ET	Additional sophistication of	3.5 or 4
		writing	

## **Topic I: Rhetorical Analysis Writing**

**Topic Narrative/Overview:** In this topic, students will address a specific prompt by constructing an analytical essay that examines the effect of the rhetorical choices made by a speaker/author using evidence and well-developed commentary.

Торіс	Achieving Grade Level (AT)
When collecting evidence related to the 3, it will be recorded in these topics in Infinite Campus.	The Level 3 Targets are the grade level expectation for students in all classes. Success Criteria (listed below the target) should be clarified/revised by the building level PLC as they collaborate to unpack the Level 3 targets.
Guiding Questions	<ul> <li>What is the guiding focus of the essay? AND ARE YOU ADDRESSING IT?</li> <li>Can someone disagree with your thesis?</li> <li>What is the rhetorical situation of the text?</li> <li>What choices and appeals does the speaker use to convey meaning and tone?</li> <li>Which of these choices and appeals BEST demonstrates the intended meaning/impact of the speaker's message?</li> <li>How does the speaker's style and choices develop a purpose?</li> <li>What specific evidence from the text supports your thesis?</li> </ul>
	LTIA- Construct an appropriate introduction and thesis for a rhetorical analysis essay that responds to an assigned prompt. Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:
	<ul> <li>Write an introduction that includes essential components (attention getter, context/ background, thesis, and transition)</li> <li>Write an introduction that incorporates the rhetorical situation (SPACE) of the text.</li> <li>Write a clear, defensible thesis statement that responds to the prompt.</li> </ul>
	LTIB- Construct justifiable premises and select evidence that proves how the speaker/author influences and/or impacts the audience of an assigned prompt.
Rhetorical Analysis Writing	<ul> <li>Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:</li> <li>Write clear, defensible topic sentences that include rhetorical choices (CAT) made by the author that supports thesis and respond to the prompt.</li> <li>Select evidence that is relevant and purposeful to the prompt that aligns with the rhetorical choices (CAT) defined by the topic sentences.</li> <li>Integrate and appropriately cite evidence from the analyzed text that proves the topic sentences of each body paragraph.</li> </ul>
	LTIC- Construct appropriate commentary for rhetorical analysis essays that proves the premises of the assigned prompt.         Develop commentary that analyzes the evidence back to the rhetorical situation, message, purpose, and/or thesis for the prompt.         Prove how the author's choices create the desired effect on the audience regarding the rhetorical situation (purpose, context, exigence)

DMACC Competencies		
<b>ENG106-1</b> Demonstrate critical reading and writing skills		
<b>ENG106-2</b> Analyze rhetorical patterns and theoretical approaches in student and/or published texts		
Teacher Guidance		
Ideas and concepts in the spaces below are base line examples for all to use to ensure district wide coherence. Please add to these as you see instructional opportunities.		
The goal is to explain what was attempted by author/speaker. Student does not evaluate the effectiveness the writing (assumption of effectiveness because they should be selecting GOOD evidence)		
Evidence can be paraphrased or directly cited in a flow, dialogue, or colon quote format Writing can be assessed in timed and untimed environments.		
Level 4Sophistication points on AP 6-point scale For an ET, the prompt must be given and fully achieved as if writing for the exam (given prompt, planned, and written in 40-45 minutes)		

## **Topic 2: Synthesis Writing**

**Topic Narrative/Overview:** In this topic, students will address a specific prompt by constructing a synthesis essay with a clear, defensible claim that is supported by integrated evidence from three or more sources and well-developed commentary.

Торіс	Achieving Grade Level (AT)
When collecting evidence related to the 3, it will be recorded in these topics in Infinite Campus.	The Level 3 Targets are the grade-level expectation for students in all classes. These are directly related to State of Iowa standards. Success Criteria (listed below the target) should be clarified/revised by the building level PLC as they collaborate to unpack the Level 3 targets.
Guiding Questions:	<ul> <li>What is the guiding focus of the essay? AND ARE YOU ADDRESSING IT?</li> <li>Can someone disagree with your stance/claim?</li> <li>What is the common theme, claim, or idea supported by three+ of your sources?</li> <li>What specific evidence (from your sources) supports the claim?</li> <li>How is the evidence from multiple sources connected to one another to establish common ideas?</li> </ul>
	LT2A- Construct an appropriate introduction and thesis for a synthesis essay that responds to an assigned prompt.
	<ul> <li>Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:</li> <li>Write an introduction that includes essential components (attention getter, context/background, and claim)</li> <li>Write an introduction that incorporates the context (not individual text) of the prompt.</li> <li>Write a clear, defensible claim that addresses the prompt.</li> </ul>
	LT2B- Construct justifiable premises and select evidence that proves the claim of an assigned synthesis prompt.
Synthesis Writing	<ul> <li>Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:         <ul> <li>Write clear, defensible topic sentences that support the claim and respond to the prompt.</li> <li>Select evidence from at least 3 sources that is relevant and purposeful to the prompt and that aligns with desired premise, defined by the topic sentences.</li> <li>Evidence from multiple sources is integrated throughout paragraphs to build towards complexity of claim (synthesize not just analyze)</li> <li>Appropriately integrate and cite evidence from the provided sources that prove the topic sentences of each body paragraph.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	LT2C- Construct appropriate commentary for synthesis essays that proves the premises of the assigned prompt.
	Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target: <ul> <li>Develop commentary that analyzes the evidence back to the claim for the prompt.</li> <li>Prove how the integrated evidence supports the premise and overall argument.</li> </ul>

CCSS Standard Language	DMACC Competencies	
<ul> <li>W.11-12.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.</li> <li>W.11-12.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</li> </ul>	<b>ENG106-1</b> Demonstrate critical reading and writing skills. <b>ENG106-2</b> Analyze rhetorical patterns and theoretical approaches in student and/or published texts.	
Teac	her Guidance	
Ideas and concepts in the spaces below are base line examples for all to use to	ensure district wide coherence. Please add to these as you see instructional opportunities.	
Evidence can be paraphrased or directly cited in a flow, dialogue, or colon quote format. Students may address a rebuttal or tension within sources but should be used to strengthen the essay but is not a requirement. Students do not explicitly have to address and rebut a counter claim in their essay but may do so in order to strengthen writing. Prior knowledge can be history, science, prior readings, personal observations, expertise, universal truths etc.		
Writing can be assessed in timed and untimed environments. Level 4Sophistication points on AP 6-point scale For an ET, the prompt must be given and fully achieved as if writing for the exam (given prompt, planned, and written in 40-45 minutes) Students may be asked to defend (agree with), challenge (disagree with), or qualify (agree or disagree under certain circumstances) specific topics or quotations. Students should be synthesizing information in each paragraph to highlight a common claim and reasoning, not examining each of the three sources individually before connecting or examining sources explicitly in isolation.		

# **Topic 3: Argument Writing**

Торіс	Achieving Grade Level (AT)
When collecting evidence related to the 3, it will be recorded in these topics in Infinite Campus.	The Level 3 Targets are the grade level expectation for students in all classes. Success Criteria (listed below the target) should be clarified/revised by the building level PL as they collaborate to unpack the Level 3 targets.
Guiding Question:	<ul> <li>What is the guiding focus of the essay? AND ARE YOU ADDRESSING IT?</li> <li>Can someone disagree with your stance/claim?</li> <li>What prior knowledge lead you to this opinion/conclusion?</li> <li>What real world connections (historical or contemporary) are evidence of this topic?</li> <li>What appeals can help connect your topic to the audience?</li> </ul>
	LT3A- Construct an appropriate introduction and thesis for an argument essay that responds to an assigned prompt.         Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:         Write an introduction that includes essential components (attention getter, context/background, and claim)         Write an introduction that incorporates the context of the prompt.         Write a clear, defensible claim that addresses the prompt.
	LT3B- Construct justifiable premises and select evidence that proves the claim of an assigned argument prompt.
Argument Writing	<ul> <li>Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:         <ul> <li>Write clear, defensible topic sentences that support the claim and respond to the prompt.</li> <li>Utilize specific prior knowledge (history, science, prior readings, personal observations, etc.) that is accurate, relevant, and purposeful to the prompt and that aligns with desired premise, defined by the topic sentences.</li> <li>Evidence draws from across different types of prior knowledge to build towards complexity of claim.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	LT3C- Construct appropriate commentary for argument essays that proves the premises of the assigned prompt.
	Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target: <ul> <li>Develop commentary that analyzes the evidence (prior knowledge) back to the claim for the prompt.</li> <li>Explicitly connect how the integrated evidence (prior knowledge) supports the premise and overall argument.</li> </ul>

CCSS Standard Language	DMACC Competencies	
<ul> <li>W.II-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.</li> <li>W.II-12.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</li> </ul>	<b>ENGI06-1</b> Demonstrate critical reading and writing skills. <b>ENGI06-2</b> Analyze rhetorical patterns and theoretical approaches in student and/or published texts.	
Теас	her Guidance	
Ideas and concepts in the spaces below are base line examples for all to use to	ensure district wide coherence. Please add to these as you see instructional opportunities.	
type, but it should be used sparingly. Students do not explicitly have to address and rebuttal a counter claim in their essay but prior knowledge (history, science, prior readings, personal observations, expertise, unive Writing can be assessed in timed and untimed environments.		
Level 4Sophistication points on AP 6-point scale For an ET, the prompt must be given and fully achieved as if writing for the exam (given p Students may be asked to defend (agree with), challenge (disagree with), or qualify (agree		
Students may use first person for specific evidence in the body of their argumentative essays.		
Students may address a rebuttal or tension within sources but should be used to strengthen the essay, but it is not a requirement.		

## **Topic 4: Critical Reading**

**Topic Narrative/Overview:** In this topic, students will demonstrate their ability to critically investigate a text for rhetorical and literary components through multiple choice question opportunities.

Торіс	Achieving Grade Level (AT)
When collecting evidence related to the 3, it will be recorded in these topics in Infinite Campus.	The Level 3 Targets are the grade-level expectation for students in all classes. These are directly related to State of Iowa standards. Success Criteria (listed below the target) should be clarified/revised by the building level PLC as they collaborate to unpack the Level 3 targets.
Guiding Questions:	<ul> <li>What effect do the author's word choices have on the meaning of a text?</li> <li>How is a tone established throughout a text?</li> <li>What words and phrases help to clarify the main idea and theme?</li> <li>How does syntax and diction create meaning and style in a text?</li> <li>How does structure contribute to the meaning of the text?</li> <li>How do individual words, clauses, and sentences establish a theme, main idea, or meaning?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>LT4A- Analyze a text regarding rhetorical language (syntax, diction, figurative language, tone).</li> <li>Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:         <ul> <li>Examine words, phrases, and sections for literal and figurative meaning.</li> <li>Identify and examine speaker's tone and shifts in a tone (if any)</li> <li>Examine how word choice, comparisons, and syntax contribute to the specific tone or style of a text.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	LT4B- Analyze a text regarding author's meaning and purpose (main idea and theme)
Critical Reading	<ul> <li>Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:         <ul> <li>Examine how specific words and phrases impact meaning, main idea, or theme.</li> <li>Examine and alter sentences to clearly convey ideas and arguments.</li> <li>Analyze how the meaning and purpose of a text impacts the theme.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	LT4C- Analyze a text regarding organization, structure, and rhetorical modes.
	Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:         Analyze and determine organizational and structure choices.         Analyze and determine rhetorical mode.         Examine the relationship between sentences and clauses.         Examine how grammar and mechanics contribute to the clarity and effectiveness of an argument.

CCSS Standard Language	DMACC Competencies
<b>RL.11-12.1-3</b> Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed.)	<b>ENG105-2 Practice</b> reading as an active part of the writing process. <b>ENG106-1</b> Demonstrate critical reading and writing skills.
<b>RL.11-12.5-10</b> By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	ENG106-4 Identify language nuances.
<b>RI.II-I2.I-3</b> Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, ore vents interact and develop over the course of the text.	
<b>RI.II-I2.5-10</b> By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	
Теас	her Guidance
Ideas and concepts in the spaces below are base line examples for all to use to	ensure district wide coherence. Please add to these as you see instructional opportunities.
Students will primarily demonstrate their knowledge of this topic through timed a	nd untimed multiple-choice testing (MCQ).
NM – 0% - 44%	
PT – 45%-59%	
AT – 60%-79%	
ET – 80%+	

#### **Topic 5: Constructing Writing**

**Topic Narrative/Overview:** In this topic, students will go through the writing process to plan, develop, produce, and revise their writing. Writing should be a well-constructed in-depth explanation of the topic/task. This process should reflect rigorous academic standards and principles of English grammar, vocabulary, punctuation, capitalization, and spelling.

Торіс	Achieving Grade Level (AT)
When collecting evidence related to the 3, it will be recorded in these topics in Infinite Campus.	The Level 3 Targets are the grade-level expectation for students in all classes. These are directly related to State of Iowa standards. Success Criteria (listed below the target) should be clarified/revised by the building level PLC as they collaborate to unpack the Level 3 targets.
Guiding Questions:	<ul> <li>What are you being asked to address? What is the guiding focus of your writing?</li> <li>How can writing be strengthened through revision to provide clarity, flow, and style?</li> <li>What is the best format and organization to develop the main idea/claim?</li> <li>How can you challenge yourself to elevate your writing?</li> </ul>
Constructing Writing	LT5A- Develop a plan for writing that responds to and is appropriate to the specific prompt or task.         Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:         Identify the focus of the prompt.         Outline core components of the writing task (l.e., thesis, supporting premises, evidence, etc.)         LT5B- Produce clear and coherent writing (rhetorical analysis, argument, synthesis, etc.) in which the development is appropriate to the purpose and audience.         Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:         Construct a response to the prompt that is supported throughout the writing (body paragraphs)         Organize ideas in a coherent way, using internal and external transitions where appropriate.         Incorporate evidence that supports claims, if direct quotations and paraphrased evidence is used, ensure correct citation format where appropriate.         Fulfills the requirements of the specific type of writing task (see previous writing topics)         LT5C- Revise and edit drafts of writing to a polished state.         Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:
	<ul> <li>Manipulate and establish a flow or style of writing that is appropriate to the writing task.</li> <li>Recognize and correct errors in grammar, usage, and mechanics.</li> <li>Revise and clarify ideas to strengthen content.</li> <li>Ensure writing task is in the proper writing format (APA, MLA, etc.) and update if necessary.</li> </ul>

http://www.corestandards.org/ELA-Literacy/W/11-12/6/

CCSS Standard Language	DMACC Competencies
<ul> <li>W.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</li> <li>W.11-12.4 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ENG105-1 Practice writing as a recursive process.</li> <li>ENG105-3 Adapt the rules of standard English grammar.</li> <li>ENG105-5 Recognize standard documentation form.</li> <li>ENG106-5 Apply the rules of standard English grammar.</li> <li>ENG 106-6 Evaluate individual writing process to allow flexibility in adapting writing task and situation.</li> <li>ENG106-7 Demonstrate standard documentation form.</li> </ul>
	her Guidance ensure district wide coherence. Please add to these as you see instructional opportunities.
To fully assess a student's understanding of these concepts, they must be applied to writ This topic is intended to assess students work in the writing process as they work to im While specific instruction may need to live at the success criteria level, assessment of stu	prove their command of written English.

Students should receive a Constructing Writing grade for full untimed essays (as it reflects the entire writing process). Students can receive a grade for timed essays if they have been given preparation time and have reflection components of their essay. Students who plan their timed writing and complete a quality timed essay may receive a PT in the topic score.

## Topic 6: Collaborating in Discussions

**Topic Narrative/Overview:** In this topic, students will demonstrate their understanding of their own educated perspective and the educated perspective of others through various discussion formats.

Торіс	Achieving Grade Level (AT)
When collecting evidence related to the 3, it will be recorded in these topics in Infinite Campus.	The Level 3 Targets are the grade-level expectation for students in all classes. These are directly related to State of Iowa standards. Success Criteria (listed below the target) should be clarified/revised by the building level PLC as they collaborate to unpack the Level 3 targets.
Guiding Questions:	<ul> <li>What appropriate topics or issues will students prepare to discuss?</li> <li>Why is the collaborative process important for learning/developing ideas or opinions?</li> <li>How can people who have different perspectives share in a respectful way?</li> <li>What happens after a discussion and new information has been presented?</li> </ul>
	LT6A- Come to and enter discussions prepared.
	Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:
	Evidence of having read and researched material under study.
	Enter discussion having a complete opinion and explanation overtly stated (I.e., Not just I agree.)
	Explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic
	LT6B- Propel conversations for understanding.
	Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:
	Pose and respond to questions that probe reasoning and evidence.
Collaborating in Discussions	Allow the discussion to move through a full and relevant range of positions on a topic.
	Respectfully clarify, verify, complicate, or challenge ideas and conclusions
	Promote divergent and creative perspectives.
	LT6C- Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives.
	Learning that shows evidence of progressing towards grade-level learning target:
	□ Synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on <i>other</i> perspectives.
	Resolve contradictions when possible and refer to the text/evidence when necessary.
	Reflect upon and evaluate perspectives, ideas, and discussions of the group, including what other information or research is
	necessary to deepen understanding of the topic.
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	http://www.corestandards.org/ELA-Literacy/W/11-12/6/

CCSS Standard Language	DMACC Competencies	
<b>W.II-12.4</b> Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.		
<b>W.II-12.5</b> Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.		
Teac	her Guidance	
Ideas and concepts in the spaces below are base line examples for all to use to ensure district wide coherence. Please add to these as you see instructional opportunities.		

This scale demands speaking in front of peer audiences, but not necessarily formal speeches; students can engage in Socratic circles or seminars, presentations to small groups, etc. as long as they have the floor for a notable portion of uninterrupted time.

This discussion can be in class or digital format (verbal or not).